



Fourth joint IATA-UPU webinar

STAKEHOLDERS' COMPLIANCE AND READINESS FOR MAIL TRANSPORT UNDER PLACI REGIMES

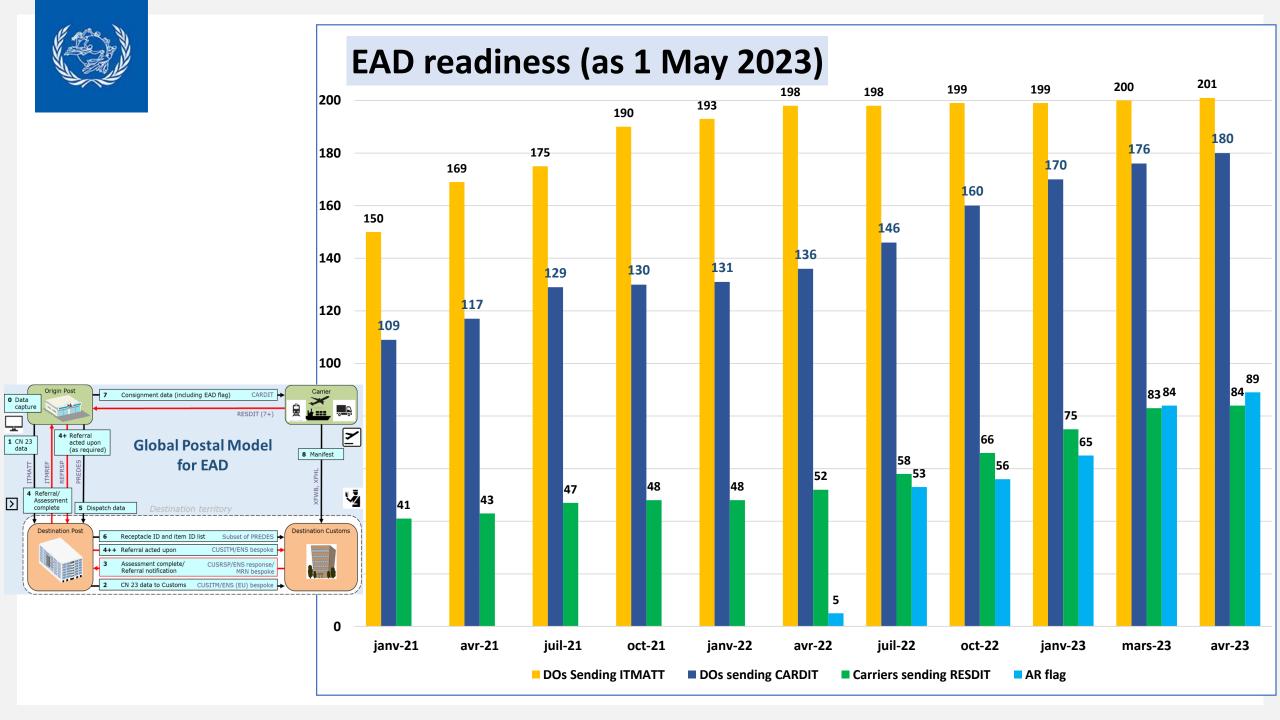
30 May 2023, 13:00 – 15:00 CEST Online on Zoom | *In English only*



Welcome



- 4th joint IATA-UPU webinar
- Competition law Guidelines
- Focus of the workshop on the ICS2 implementation status by the European Commission, Member States, carriers, designated operators (EU and non-EU), IT providers (IPC and PTC), IATA and UPU
- Webinar is a forum for sharing information defining processes, protocols and business rules is discussed in other forums
- Agenda
- International Bureau UPU short status





AR flag in the CARDIT message

UNB+UNOA:2+GB101:UP+BAW11:4+210304:1700+12345678' UNH+87654321+IFCSUM:D:96A:UN:CNS200' BGM++GBLAM0238824+9' DTM+137:130403+101' FTX+ABK++A' FTX+AAY++SM+PHS:IMP-AVS:IMP-US-20110310-TSA/EA/12345' FTX+BLT+++SECURED' RFF+ABO:GBA' RFF+ACF: DKA' RFF+AHI:BA-96-745' FTX+REG+++CUS: IMP-US-20210101- TSA/EA/12345:1' EON+12:NMB' QTY+101:847.7:KGM' TCC+C' EQN+25:NMB' **CUS Customs** QTY+101:1256.4:KGM' TDT+20+KL203+4' **AVS Aviation security** LOC+5+AMS:163:3' LOC+7+LHR:163:3' **BOC** Border control DTM+189:2104040400:201' DTM+232:2104041000:201' **ORT** Ouarantine TDT+20+BA175+4' LOC+5+LHR:163:3' LOC+7+JFK:163:3' DTM+189:2104041000:201' EQD+CN+AKE3354BA::3+11:102:5:J43GBAXBAYUL710501XX' MEA+WT+AAB+KGM:890' SFI +194852' EOD+UL+AAB1234::3+11:102:5:J14AAB1234' MEA+WT+AAB+KGM:567.1' SEL+258491' CNI++GBLALAUSJFKAAUN10485001000123 FTX+INS++R' FTX+AAC' RFF+AAQ:J14AAB1234' GID++:PU' **EXP Export** MEA+WT+AAB+KGM:12.3' CNI++GBLALAUSJFKAAUN10485002000234' **IMP Import** FTX+INS++R' FTX+AAC' TRA Transit RFF+AAQ:J13AKE3354BA' GID++:PU' MEA+WT+AAB+KGM:23.4' CNI++GBLALAUSJFKAAUN10485001000123' FTX+INS++R' FTX+AAC' GID++:PU'

MEA+WT+AAB+KGM:12.3'

UNT+53+87654321' UNZ+1+12345678

New CARDIT EAD compliance report details:

- Based only on consignments to the EU from outside the EU (EAD is mandatory for these consignments)
- Checks performed:
 - Presence of AR flag
 - Presence of origin and destination office codes (business rule, important for airlines to obtain addresses)
 - EAD line okay (ar-flag value is "1", ar-border-agencyauthority is "CUS" or other allowed values)
 - ar-reference-ID in valid format: IMP-xx-99999999-xxx...

	2	PRE CO	INSIGNING NOTIFICATION AND STAT	US INFORMATIO	N (Mandatory information repeation	ng up to 9 times)		
	Level	M/C	Dataflow element name	Format	Example	Description		
	3	М	ar-border-agency-authority	a3	CUS	See 6.2.11 - App		
	3	M	ar-reference-ID	an35	IMP-US-20110310-TSA/EA/12345	See 6.2.10 - App		
	3	М	ar-flag	an2	1	Indication, with va met. ³ No other va		

List of member countries that have declared specific reference ID and customs/security-based requirements for the mandatory provision of EAD

See 6.2.11 - Applicable border agency authority See 6.2.10 - Applicable security regulation

Indication, with value 1, that all applicable regulations are met.3 No other value is allowed.

This indication applies to the full consignment.

In case the applicable regulations are not met for an item in one of the receptacles, the item must be removed from the receptacle/consignment before consignment closure.

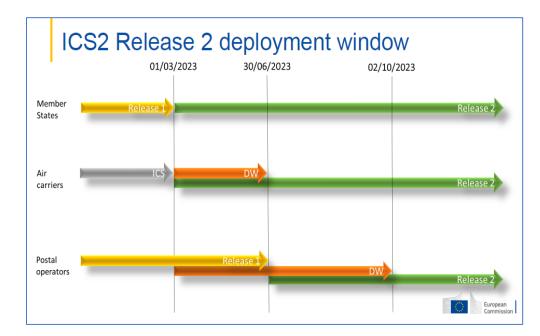
See 6.2.12 - applicable regulations.

³ The ar-flag indication within the CARDIT message serves as confirmation from the origin postal operator that all required electronic advance data (EAD) has been submitted to the applicable authority in line with all applicable regulations and that there was no known outstanding referral (i.e. RFI - request for information; RFS - request for scanning; DNL - do not load) at the time of transmission of the CARDIT message and handover to the carrier.



ICS2 R2 timelines

- All EU Customs should connect to ICS2 R2 on 1
 March (but about half of member states are not yet
 ready and have a deployment derogation until 30
 June or later).
- Airlines must start ICS2 R2 on 1 March and complete their deployment by 30 June. However, all carriers have asked for a derogation until the end of June 2023. At this stage, non-EU DOs need to be providing CARDIT messages to airlines for filing in ICS2.
- From 2 October: All stakeholders (Customs, airlines and European DOs) fully on board with ICS2 R2. Many airlines will be requesting the AR flag in the CARDIT message (UPU Convention Regulations article 08-002 § 6). As the AR flag implies that all ITMATT and PREDES messages have been sent and that the consignments have no open referrals, DOs need to start implementing ITMREF/REFRSP.







ICS2 readiness



IATA-UPU webinar 2023-05-30

Renata Pauliukaityte, European Commission

Member State readiness with ICS2 R2

MS in ICS2 R2

- Bulgaria
- Czechia
- Germany
- Spain
- Finland
- Hungary
- Italy
- Lithuania
- Latvia
- Portugal
- Slovenia
- Slovakia
- Switzerland
- Norway
- Norther Ireland

MS to deploy by 01/07/2023

- Austria
- Belgium
- Cyprus
- France
- Croatia
- Ireland
- Luxembourg
- Malta
- Netherlands
- Poland
- Sweden

MS that will deploy by 02/10/2023 or later

- Estonia
- Greece
- Denmark
- Romania



Member State readiness

- Information about the MS go-live planning is published and regularly updated on the ICS2
 webpage
- Go-live of the Member States after 1 July 2023 does not affect the deployment of air carriers within the transition period established for them (1 July 2023). Those Member States will have to ensure a proper level of security and safety risk analysis and controls is carried out, in accordance with the ICS2 <u>Business Continuity Plan</u>.
- Once the air carrier has connected to the system and fulfills its new ENS requirements under the UCC, it can stop filing into the ICS1.



Requirements for air carriers

- For the goods destined to or in transit via the EU:
 - File master postal ENS (F42) for goods in postal consignments which are destined to the EU
 - Ensure that in the case of the Do Not Load instruction was issued by the EU customs, goods are not loaded on an aircraft
 - Make a commercial decision in the case the goods may be still subject to an open referral (RfI, RfS) and transport the goods to the EU in non-compliance with the EU customs (UCC and its Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/2447) and non-compliance with the EU Civil Aviation Security legislation (Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/255 and provisions in its corresponding Annex)



Requirements for air carriers

- For the goods to be transhipped via the EU:
 - File F42 for goods in postal consignments which are going to be transported and transshipped through the EU, AND
 - Either file F43 and F44 themselves*, or arrange with the origin postal operator that they file (in the latter case the origin postal operator will have to have an EORI number)
 - Ensure that in the case of the Do Not Load instruction was issued by the EU customs, goods are not loaded on an aircraft
 - Make a commercial decision in the case the goods may be still subject to an open referral (RfI, RfS) and transport the goods in non-compliance with the EU customs (UCC and its Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/2447) and non-compliance with the EU Civil Aviation Security legislation (Implementing Regulation (EU) 2021/255 and provisions in its corresponding Annex.

^{*} air carrier may be granted a deployment, until 2 October 2023, for the filing of F43 and F44 submission, by the competent MS upon receipt of such request



Requirements for air carriers

- In the case air carrier is not in a position to obtain the necessary data to comply with the transshipment obligations, it is its commercial decision to either:
 - transport the goods, and take responsibility of non-compliance with the EU customs legislation governing the obligation with respect to the ENS
 - to arrange a transport of goods that will not involve passing through the EU customs territory
 - arrange with the origin postal operator to send the postal consignments in transit (opposed to transshipment) i.e. implying that origin post establishes with transit post in the EU (CH/NO) the necessary arrangement



Requirements for postal operators

- For the goods destined to or in transit via the EU, the EU postal operators will have to continue to:
 - fulfill R1 obligations until the end of the granted deployment window*,
 - fulfill R2 obligations (e.g. HS6 digit, type of person, Consignee EORI, and ENS for items in transit) after their connection to ICS2 R2 (from 2 October 2023).

*EC recommended to the MS to grant deployment window to all of the EU postal operators until 2 October 2023.



Requirements for postal operators

- For the goods to be transhipped via the EU, the origin postal operators:
 - file F43 and F44 ENS filings* (the origin postal operator will have to have an EORI number), or
 - provide ITMATT data to the air carrier for them to file and comply with the EU customs requirements (UCC and its Implementing Regulation (EU) 2015/2447)
 - alternatively, send the postal consignments in transit (opposed to transshipment) i.e. implying that origin post establishes with transit post in the EU (CH/NO) the necessary arrangement
 - * Postal operator may be granted a deployment, until 2 October 2023, for the filing of F43 and F44 submission, by the competent MS upon receipt of such request



Thank you

ICS2 page on Europa website:

https://ec.europa.eu/taxation_customs/general-information-customs/customs-security/ics2_en

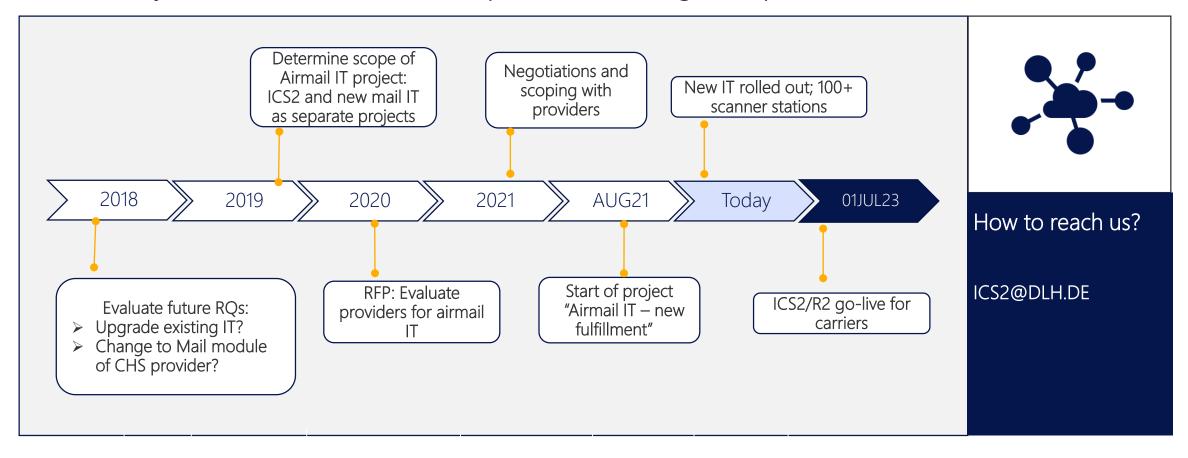


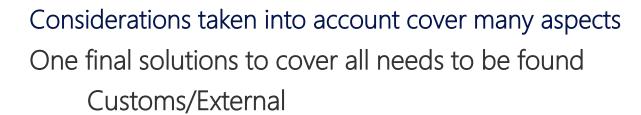


Timeline of project history to achieve ICS2 readiness (Airmail)



Due to many time constraints and interdependencies in large companies







Postal Airway Bill

AWB Stock Management; avoid clashes with other processes such as US; handle consignments without PAWB

Scanning at every Station worldwide necessary

LCAG Equipment or GHA Equipment

New Process requirements

Possible Contract/GHA changes

Transit at EU Hub's

Risk for main business/volumes

Business/Revenue Loss

Postal Operator avoids EU

Transfer from/to Interline at Non-EU Stations

ICS 2 ? / Cardit ? / IT ?

Exceptions e.g. Letter/Military

Postal Airway Bill

Postal Operator or Airline

Late Referral

Communication & Risk

Assessment Complete

How will it be provided

Readiness of Postal Operator

ITMATT/Cardit

Readiness of EU country customs

Provision of A/C

Converting Cardit Data

Cargo Messsaging





Process

Acceptance check

Scanning is a must to check for AR flag of postal consignment

Referral Handling

Set-up new central team as 24/7 POC

Relevance of Airmail and Cargo

Separate handling streams that both need to be considered

TSD for Airmail

Entirely new process now required



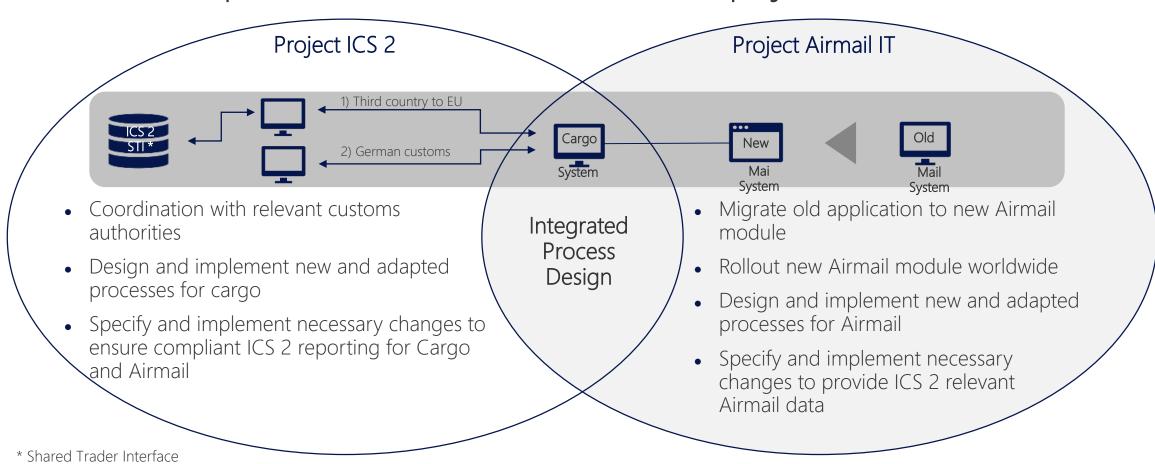
Technical

- Bring airmail and cargo messaging together for reporting purposes (affected: handling system, 3rd party DE customs, 3rd party EU customs)
- Entirely new message stream and related mapping of same in clearing center of DE customs provider for TSD
- Implement new stream of messaging and mapping for postal pre-arrival message F42 at EU customs provider
- Parameters to differentiate when to include/exclude mail
- IATA PAWB mapping (1CARDIT = 1 PAWB, 1 receptacle = 1 HAWB)
- New service for PAWB stock
- New parameters for system checks of CARDIT version plus AR flag; consider exceptions



Full ICS 2 compliance requires two well aligned projects

Distinction and dependencies between ICS 2 & Airmail IT projects



Lufthansa Cargo Stakeholder compliance under PLACI regime – carrier perspective



1 Month before go-live relevant milestones accomplished From implementing new system internally to activity in industry groups

- Pro-Active Communication and Support for Customers (Postal Operators) regarding Cardit Performance and Compliance as well regarding AR-flag Performance and Compliance
- Pro-Active Information regarding Late (revised) Referral for ICS 2 Release 1 & 2
- Lobby for understanding that carriers need an Assessment Complete
- Cooperation with UPU & IPC regarding Cardit / AR-flag / A/C
- Specification, build, testing of new Mail IT completed
- Roll-out of Scanning at 100 Stations worldwide
- Acceptance process changed (validation of EAD at acceptance)
- PAWB Process incl. Airmail to Cargo messaging
- Separation of EDI Mailbox per Airline





From implementing new system internally to activity in industry groups

- Late (revised) Referral Frequency & Communication / Risk as Carrier
- Assessment Complete (AR-flag) Currently only means "reporting done and no open referral "→ Risk on Carrier side
- Readiness of Postal Operator CARDIT availability and quality
- Response Times of EU Country Customs Provision of A/C
- Transit at EU Hubs Potential risk for main business/volumes; pending solution and clarity on authority's stance
- Transfer at Non-EU Stations ICS2 ? / Cardit ? / IT ?
- Release 2 Exceptions Handling of Letter, Military, etc as no explicit ok from customs, rather not reported





- Join UPU CARDIT initiative
- Be **ready** with IT and process
 - CARDIT version 2.1 required
 - With all data required to map a PAWB
 - With AR flag
- ICS2 Airmail reporting is a **regulatory requirement**
- Not being able to fulfill it means that carriers will not accept your consignment from 01JUL2023



Lufthansa Cargo AG Rani Joseph George Senior Manager Customs & Authorities ics2@dlh.de

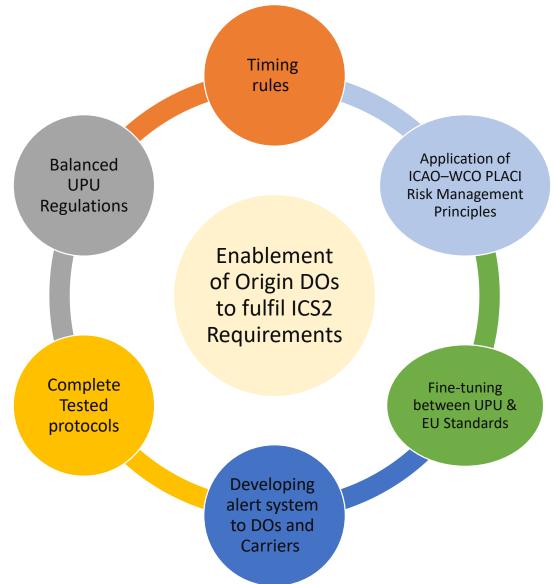


EU ICS2 from the perspective of a non-EU Post By Egypt

The fourth IATA-UPU webinar - electronic advance data 30th of May 2023

EU ICS2 from the perspective of a non-EU Post By Egypt,

Requirements for a sending Post



Timing rules

- Timing rules in cases of not receiving ASC per case, shall be identified:
 - No received referral: How long Origin DOs shall wait before assuming there are no referrals to be sent and processing the item through the standard dispatching procedures?
 - For RFI and RFS , after sending referral response to Destination , How long Origin DOs shall wait to receive ASC , and if there is No ASC received , How to ACT ?

- Application of ICAO–WCO PLACI Risk Management Principles
 - Pre-Loading Advance Cargo Information measures are intended primarily to supplement the traditional methods of security screening used at origin countries .
 - Except in the case of a "do not load" message being issued, mail flow shall keep moving through the supply chain during the PLACI process.
 - The issuances of RFS shall not be too frequently and for minor issues such as (incorrect postcode, or invalid email,,etc.) consideration for differences in culture and technological capabilities shall be given
 - The screening in OEs take place as per ICAO Annex 17 regulations and/or applicable national cargo security Programme measures, and it is made by Border Security at Egypt Post OE by screening Equipment's approved by them, till now, it is not clear how the additional screening will be done, and by who?.
 - Late arriving RFI or RFS should not trigger the emergency responses or protocols that would take place for a late arriving DNL. As late referral means that mail is accepted by Airlines, after conducting several screening measures (Dual view X Ray, ETD, Dogs Check) by Border Security at office of exchange, at ground handling, why additional screening shall be conducted again?

- Fine-tuning between UPU and EU standards, and regulations
 - As per UPU regulations data —
 whether mandatory or optional are
 provided , but not amended. The
 responsibility of data accuracy is on
 the sender and not the Post. As per
 commission regulation EC data are
 amended

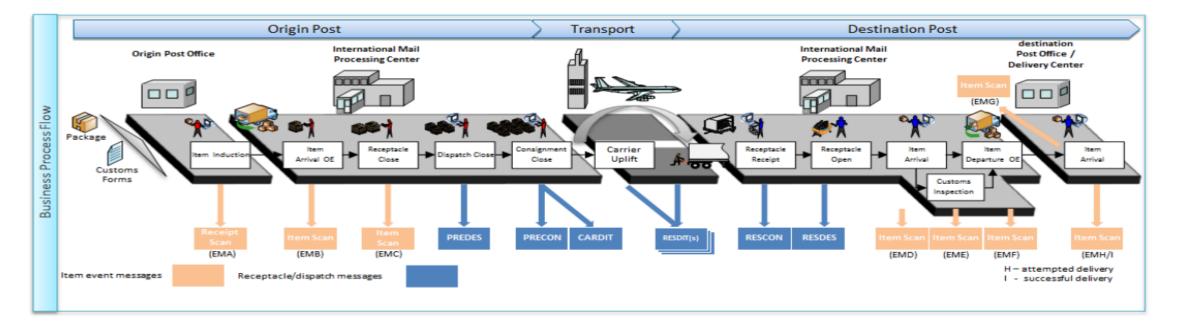
UPU 2	14, RFI data elements	EC 752, Additional information code (subset)		
A10	sender name	A10	Amend Consignor name	
A20	sender postal address	A20	Amend Consignor address	
A21	sender postal address street or premises			
A22	sender postal address locality			
A23	sender postal address country code			
A24	sender postal address postcode			
A25	sender postal address locality region (country subdivision, state, province)			
A26	sender contact email	B1 0	Provide phone number and e-mail address(es) of Consignor	
A27	sender contact telephone	B10	Provide phone number and e-mail address(es) of Consignor	
B 30	addressee name	A30	Amend Consignee name	
B 40	addressees address	A40	Amend Consignee address	
B41	addressee postal address street or premises			
B42	addressee postal address locality			
B 43	addressee postal address country code			
B44	addressee postal address postcode			
B 45	addressee postal address locality region (country subdivision, state, province)			
B 46	addressee contact email	B20	Provide phone number and e-mail address(es) of Consignee	
B47	addressee contact telephone	B20	Provide phone number and e-mail address(es) of Consignee	
C50	detailed content description	A60	Amend description of goods	
C70	number of items (one by default)	A50	Amend number of packages	
D60	gross weight	A70	Amend gross mass	
E80	unique item identifier		N/A	

The EC and the UPU are not aligned in referral codes

- Developing alert system to DOs and Carriers
 - Egypt Post has implemented validation rules in our operation system (In-house) to prevent the movement of an item which receives a referral to next step of operations (EMB, EMC, PREDES, CARDIT) once item is dispatched, an alert email is triggered for certain contact list, till now we could not test the late referral scenario to see if it works and how the stakeholders (Egypt post team – Carrier team) will act
- Complete Tested protocols that can be implemented by all <u>stakeholders in</u> all member countries .
- Balanced UPU Regulations
- Commitments of Destination countries to respond within certain times to origin countries referral response.
- To define the scope of referrals that will stop the movement of the mail.
- Freedom of Transit and single postal territory shall be maintained to maintain the USO

EU ICS2 from the perspective of a non-EU Post By Egypt, Expectations regarding stakeholders to ensure success

- Joint and gradual implementation with considerations of the capacity of all the member countries .
- It is well understood that data analytics combined with the traditional methods of security screening enhance security intelligence, this shall be done without impacting mail flow negatively. X rays, ETD, dogs checks are the tools that discover the real threats of explosives, drugs, and not the data alone. Data are used to Combat Crimes, and arrest criminals, Once the physical check discovers the prohibited items. Referrals shall be limited for suspected persons and suspected content.
- Continue piloting GPM Flows 3-4, 4+, 4++ (referrals and responses) with Union member countries, Customs, DOs to reach Complete and well tested Protocols that can be implemented by all <u>stakeholders in all member countries</u>.







EU ICS2 from the perspective of an EU Post

Correos Spain

30 May 2023







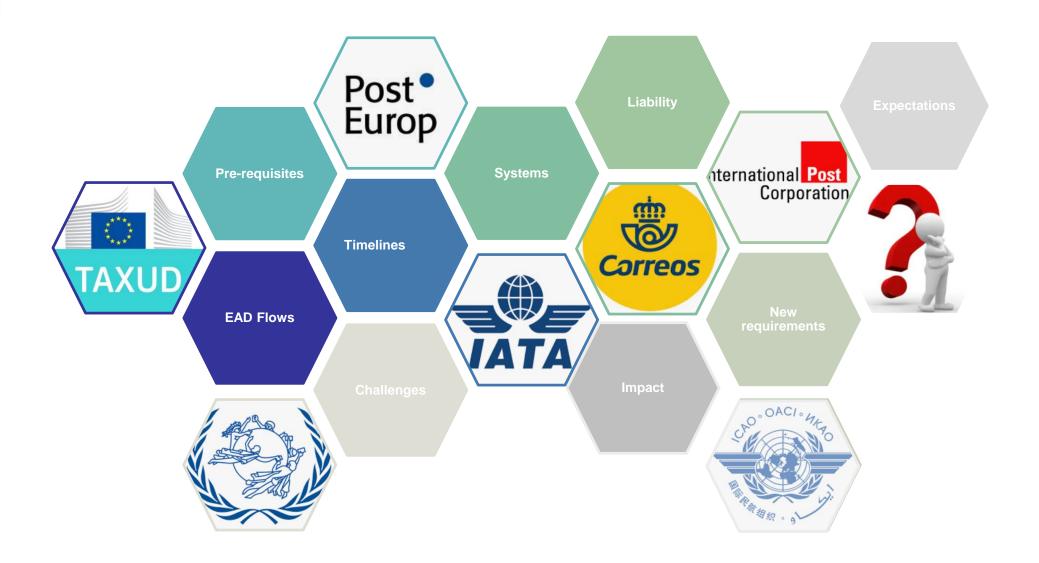






Correos - perspective as EU Post



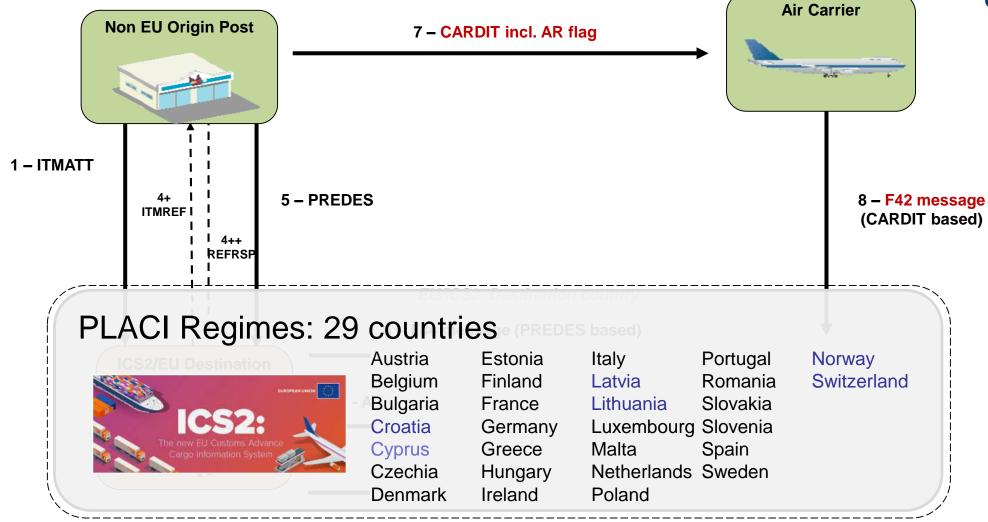




EAD Global Postal Model vs ICS2 PLACI Regimes

Full Process?

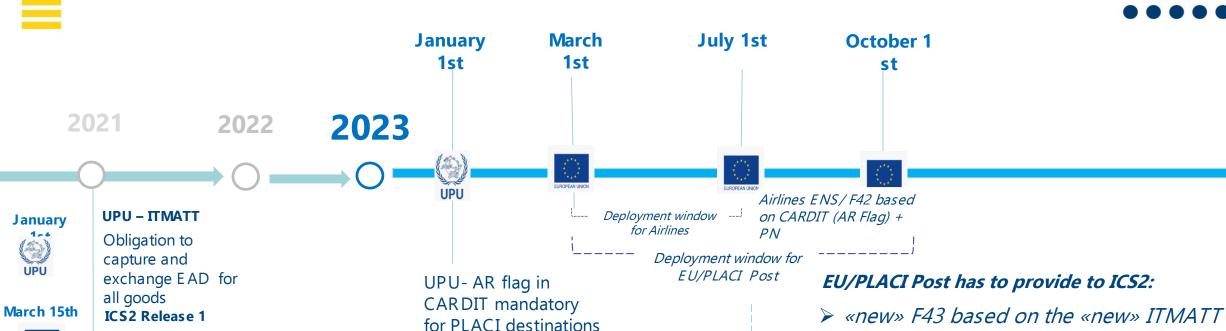






ICS2 R2 - Timeline





July 1st

UPU



VAT/LVC

→ Abolition 22 EUR import VAT exemption threshold.

Electronic Security pre-loading

Declaration (7 +1) based on the ITMATT received from Origin Post.

- → Electronic Customs Declaration (more than 7+1)
- → Collection of VAT for Goods ≤ 150€: IOSS (Marketplaces...) Special Arragement (EU Post)

- «new» F43 based on the «new» ITMATT provided by non-EU Post including:
 - **HS-6 code** for B2B, B2C
 - Type of person (B2B, B2C, C2C)
 - **EORI** consignee
- > F44 (based on PREDES)
- > Same info is required for EU/PLACI destinations in the transit flow: Non EU -**EU-** Non-EU



Pre-requisites for non-EU Posts sending goods to PLACI Destination





Data Sharing Agreement (GDPR) between Origin and Destination Post. Transit Post not included.



S 10 Barcode ID for all items containing goods conforming to UPU technical standard.



Data Capture tools with new functionalities/latest versions (CDS, IPS) to ensure compliance with ICS2.



Good Data Quality on the ITMATT message as a core driver of the electronic flows of GPM.



Post-to-Post ITMATT (item level) "as early as possible" including all data required for PLACI.



Post-to-Post PREDES (receptacle, bag level) and electronic "Nesting" item-receptacle.

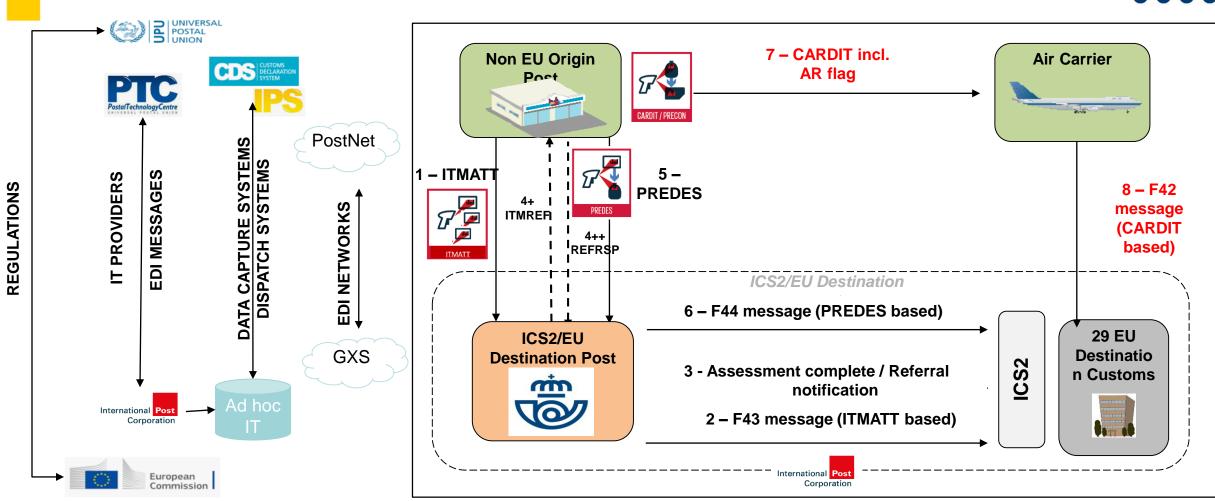


<u>Post-to-Airline CARDIT</u> (consignment level) including the Applicable Regulations (AR) flag "EAD has been filed with the destination authorities and no open referral exists".

As a sending EU PLACI Post we will not send ITMATT, PREDES and CARDIT with AR Flag to other EU PLACI destination

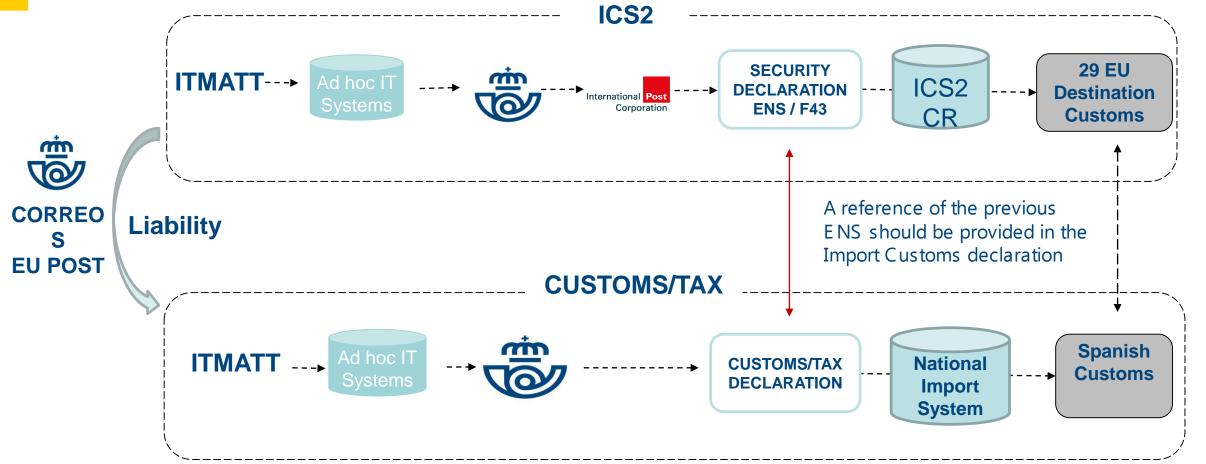
Same but Different





Liability of the EU Post







What will change with ICS2 Release 2?



New requirements	EU Posts	
Air security and safety	Increase customs checks.	
Pre-loading and pre-arrival	«bomb in the box» + additonal Risk Analysis (e.g. P&R).	
EU Posts and carriers involved	EU Post will provide data at item level (F43) based on the ITMATT and at receptacle level (F44).	
	Carriers will provide data at consignment level (F42).	
 7+1 data for all goods HS-6 code for B2B, B2C Type of person: B2B, B2C, C2C EORI consignee 	 - «New» F43 based on the «new» ITMATT (including HS-6 for B2B, B2C) provided by non-EU Post. - F44 (based on PREDES provided by non-EU Post) 	
	 Difficulties to provide HS-6 code by non-EU Posts (not mandatory by UPU regulation until 2025) No technical solution ad-hoc is in place to identify the type of person nor indication in the ITMATT. 	
Import in EU	Non-EU→ EU	«New» F43 based on the «new» ITMATT (including HS-6 for B2B, B2C) provided by non-EU Post.
	Non-EU → EU→ EU	
All open/close transits	Non-EU→EU→Non- EU	«New» F43 based on a copy of the «new» ITMATT (including HS-6 for B2B, B2C) + PREDES provided by non-EU Post.
		Non technical solution nor legal requeriments in place.
Transhipment in EU	In Transhipment EU Post is not involved	

ICS2 R2 - Challenges for Correos / EU Post



Non-alignment between EU and UPU regulations

- EU requirements for ICS2 R2 will be into force in 2023: HS-6 B2B, B2C; Type of person, transit, transhipment.
- UPU Referral standards currently are not mandatory (for non-EU) and HS-6 code will be into force in 2025.
- No legal requirements are in place to provide EAD for EU Transit countries. No-UE → UE → no-EU.
- "New" Data Sharing Agreement between No-EU and EU-transit-Post is required due to data

Gaps between capabilities and ICS2 R2 requirements

 No UPU mechanisms are in place to penalize Origin Post for non-compliance/lack of EAD nor to refuse items.

......

- Referrals testing is ongoing, but we still need to solve some issues. ES (Correos, Customs) + BR+ PTC+ IPC.
- How to operationally cope with items arriving without ENS, open referrrals...
- Connectivity issues among IT stakeholders
- IPC, as our IT provider for ICS2, is working on enforcing current challenges from R1 like timelines issues, no data available, and incomplete data (e.g.Postcode) will increase in R2 (eg missing HS from October).
- How to operationally cope with downtime, technical maintenance windows ...
- No technical IT solutions are in place to support Posts to meet new requirements: Transit/Transhipment.

Legal

Operational

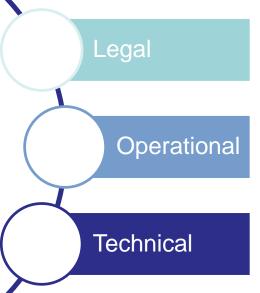
Technical

Manager Ctandard changes and LIC and applytions are required for ICCO DO

Impacts for EU POST



From the EU Legal point of view, EU Post has the obligation to meet with EU Regulations and to provide new requirements for ICS2 R2 from 2023 October 2nd.



- Investment in IT solutions to meet ICS2 R2 requirements
- Loose of volumes/business
- Non-EU post could decide to avoid the EU as transit countries
- Sanctions for EU Post set at national level
- Data capture upon arrival, handling and treatment manually
- Bottlenecks in operations, delays in delivery...
- Bad customer experience



Extra costs for EU Post



A realistic approach and gradual implementation are required. EU Post is fully dependent on Non-EU Post's readiness to meet ICS2 R2 requirements.

Expectations



SENDERS (CUSTOMER)

- As responsible for the Customs Declarations, they should be well informed by the origin post about the requirements for goods to PLACI and the consequences of not providing good and accurate data.
- EU Destination Post has no contact with the sender in the origin country.

ORIGIN POSTAL OPERATOR

- Cooperation to improve data quality and quantity and new data requested for R2, if possible.
- Implement UPU Standards to be able to receive and act upon the Referrals.
- Checking the readiness of IT systems and UPU tools needed to meet ICS2 R2.

AIRLINES

- Airlines readiness to receive CARDIT.
- The Destination EU/PLACI Post has not relationship with Airlines. This is an origin post's responsibility.
- Comply with security regulations and maintain high flexibility for common benefit.



Expectations



IT PROVIDERS

 Cooperation among IT providers to implement the new technical infrastructure for R2 (PTC, IPC, EC) and solutions to implement the new requirements.

UPU AND EUROPEAN COMMISSION

- Solve the policy/regulations issues to find a common understanding.
- A realistic approach and gradual implementation are required.
- → EU posts as UPS providers and facilitators of trade, AND business and consumers into the EU and globally will be impacted.

NATIONAL CUSTOMS AUTHORITIES

- Consider flexibility and cooperation for common benefit.
- Coordination on Regulation, Operational and Technical aspects.





Muchas gracias! Thank you!













CARISMA SUPPORT READINESS ICS2 RELEASE 2

IPC solution modules

International Post Corporation

CARISMA

How to support Carriers in deploying solutions



Solutions to support Air Carriers to be ready for ICS2 release 2 for Airmail

CAVA – Validation for Acceptance

- Origin Post declares to have complied with ICS2 regulatory requirement by including an "AR flag" (applicable regulation indicator) in CARDIT
- IPC has developed a solution to validate if "AR flag" is provided in CARDIT
 - Mobile web app scanner
 - EAD Tool
 - API integration
- IPC can support posts that want to validate if postal items or receptacles are compliant (API, EAD tool)
- IPC can support posts and carriers if posts not yet ready to include AR flag





Solutions to support Air Carriers to be ready for ICS2 release 2 for Airmail

- CAFE Filing ENS (F42)
 - Airlines complete load plan and create manifest provide data to IPC IPC creates F42 file and files if required
 - IPC provides solutions for airlines to provide required data set (via API or entry form in EAD tool)
 - On receipt API call or form completion by carrier, IPC converts data to ENS IE3F42 message
 - Based on agreement and by configuration IPC either returns data/F42 or does F42 filing for Air Carrier





Solutions to support Air Carriers to be ready for ICS2 release 2 for Airmail

CAVIAR – RESDIT provision based on API call

- Airlines that use CAVA or CAFÉ can opt for IPC to convert the API calls into RESDIT event messages that can be
 provided to the post on behalf of the Carrier in reply to CARDIT
- If air carrier validates a set of receptacles for acceptance IPC can use the event (based on agreed rules) to generate RESDIT 74 or 5 (receipt or accept event)
- If air carrier uses manifest data to confirm which receptacles are loaded on the flight IPC can use this API call to generate RESDIT 24 (uplift event)

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SOLUTIONS AND OPTIONS



CAVA solutions ("AR" flag check)

API integration

Carrier uses their scanners connected to carrier system (cargo/mail/handler) the API is integrated with the system and when receptacle is scanned API call is activated to IPC and AR status received

Mobile Web App

Carrier uses Web app with integrated API on Android scanning device (obtained by carrier), when receptacle ID is scanned API call is activated to IPC and AR status shows on display (green, red)

EAD tool website

Receptacle ID or consignment ID entered (which calls API) providing overview of receptacles with AR status

CAFÉ Solutions (F42 filing)

API integration

API for ENS filing integrated with carrier manifest system and on closure manifest the relevant data are send by API call to IPC and based on call IPC creates F42 file and if instructed files F42 for air carrier

EAD tool website

IPC uses CARDIT data and scans from validation process (if applied) to prefill F42 file, carrier selects consignment from selection screen which through API opens prefilled form that carrier validates or modifies (manual data entry) and triggers F42 filing

Mobile App

Same as above but info displayed on mobile/PDA screen



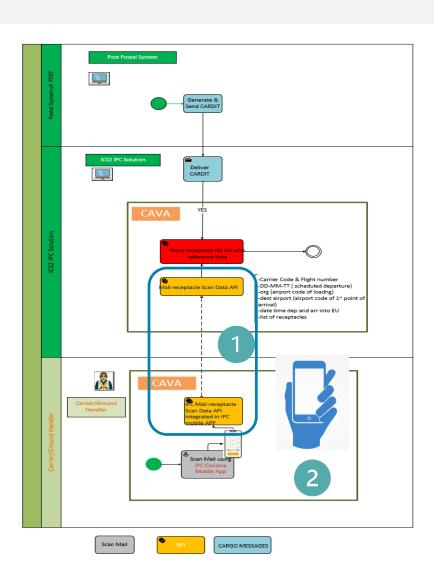
International Post Corporation

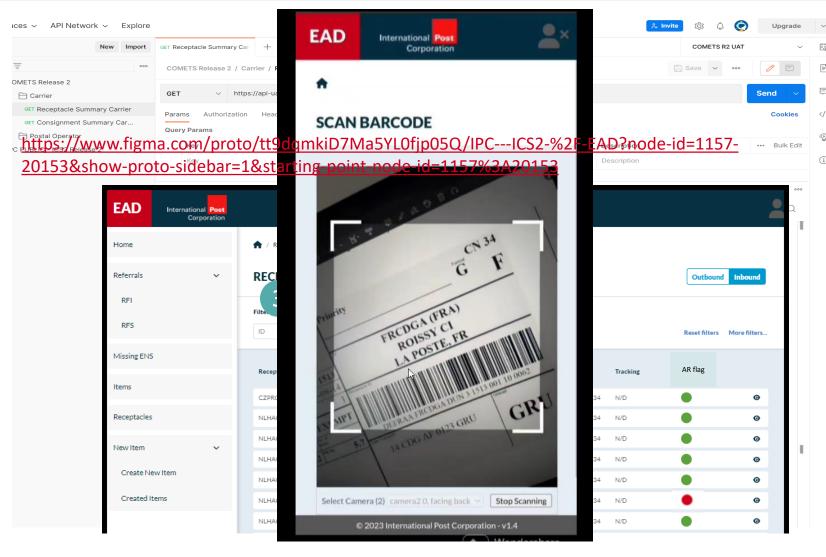
CAVA – API API INTEGRATION, MOBILE WEB APP, EAD TOOL

Mock up

CARISMA 2023 - CAVA









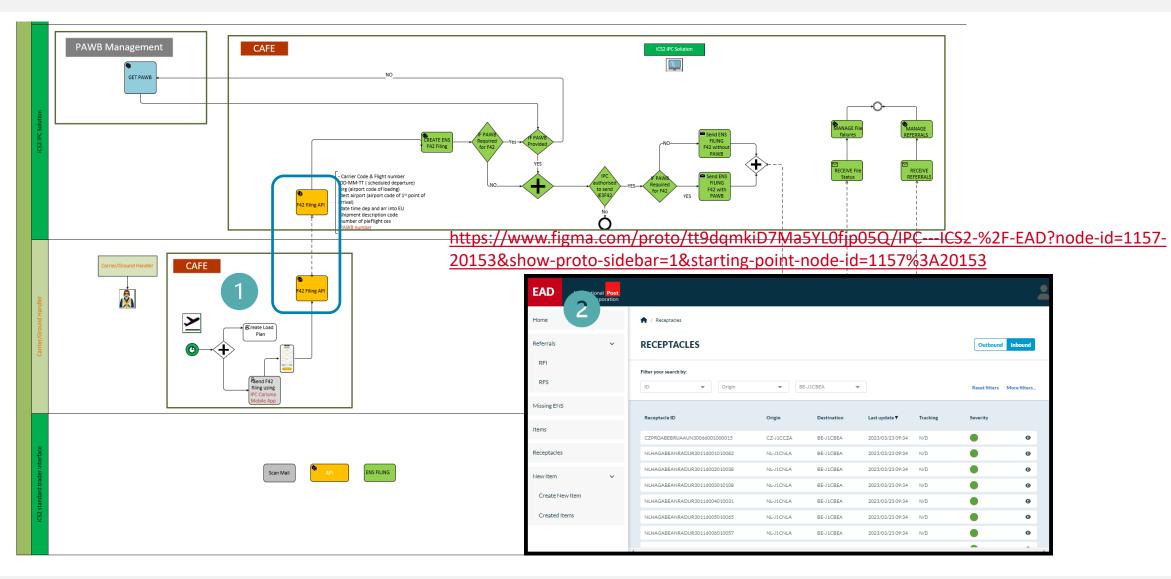
International Post Corporation

CAFE – API API INTEGRATION, EAD TOOL

Mock up

CARISMA 2023-CAFE







CAVA – CARDIT NO AR FLAG

Mock up

IPC OFFERING TO ORIGIN POSTS



CARDIT AR Flag determination

CARDIT Aggregate Item Status determination if no AR flag in CARDIT

• IPC can determine for the Post (for sharing with Air Carrier) the Aggregate Item status for all items in receptacles in a CARDIT (if Posts are unable to Populate AR flag in CARDIT)

How?

- IPC item/summary API checks for each item for all the receptacles in the CARDIT message and returns
 - On CARDIT level (Yes/NO) –All receptacles contain items with status "not applicable or ASC"
 - Receptacle level (Yes/No) –receptacle contains only items with status "not applicable or ASC" => true, false

This is available in the IPC EAD tool

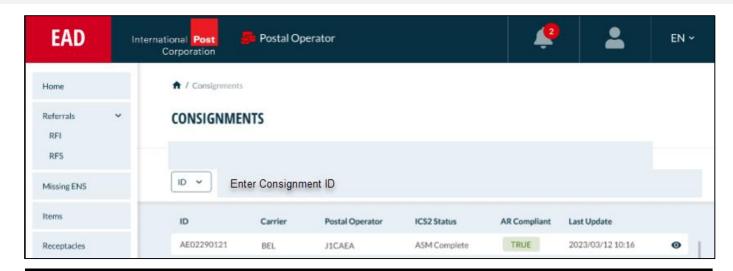
- CARDIT/Receptacle level CARRIER
- CARDIT/Receptacle/item level Postal Operators

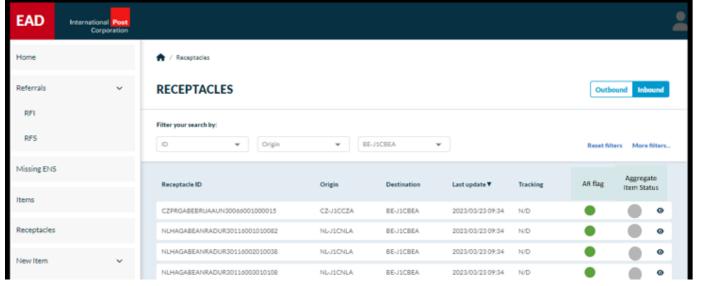


CARDIT VALIDATION THROUGH AGGREGATE ITEM STATUS



Postal view EAD Tool at CARDIT level





AR Flag

(True) Green if CARDIT with AR Flag

(False) Red if CARDIT without AR Flag

Aggregate Item status

Green if ASC or not applicable is "true"

Red is if validation for ASC or not applicable is "false"

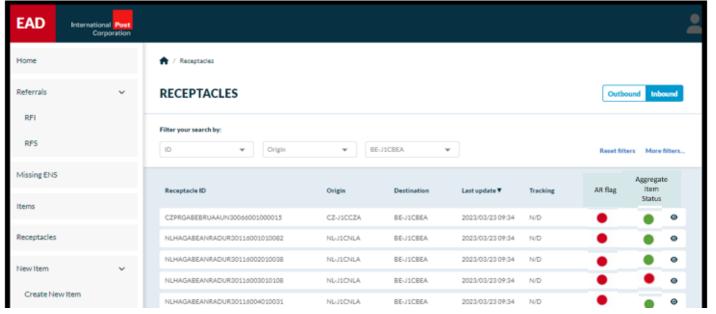
Grey if "AR Flag" is provided, aggregate item status Validation is not applicable

CARDIT VALIDATION THROUGH AGGREGATE ITEM STATUS



Use Case – Origin Post not capable to include AR flag in CARDIT





Origin Post authorizes IPC to provide
Air Carrier access to Aggregate Item Status for
Receptacles with AR flag for CARDIT "False"

AR Flag

(True) Green if CARDIT with AR Flag

(False) Red if CARDIT without AR Flag

Aggregate Item status

Green if ASC or not applicable is "true"

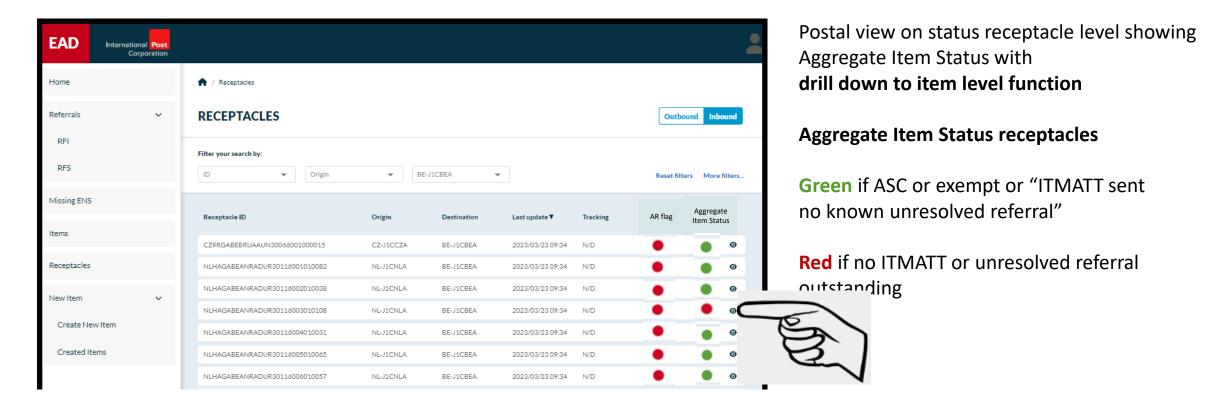
Red is if validation for ASC or not applicable is "false"



CARDIT VALIDATION RECEPTACLES FOR AGGREGATE ITEM STATUS



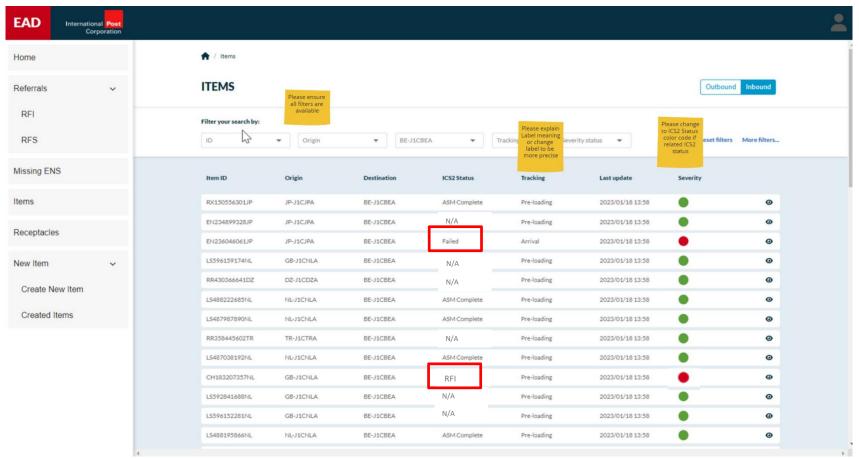
Use Case – Origin Post not capable to include AR flag in CARDIT



CARDIT VALIDATION ON ICS2 STATUS



Use Case – Origin Post not capable to include AR flag in CARDIT



Postal view on Aggregate Item Status drill down

Break down of Aggregate Item Status

Green if ASC or not applicable

Red if no ITMATT, filing failed / unresolved referral outstanding

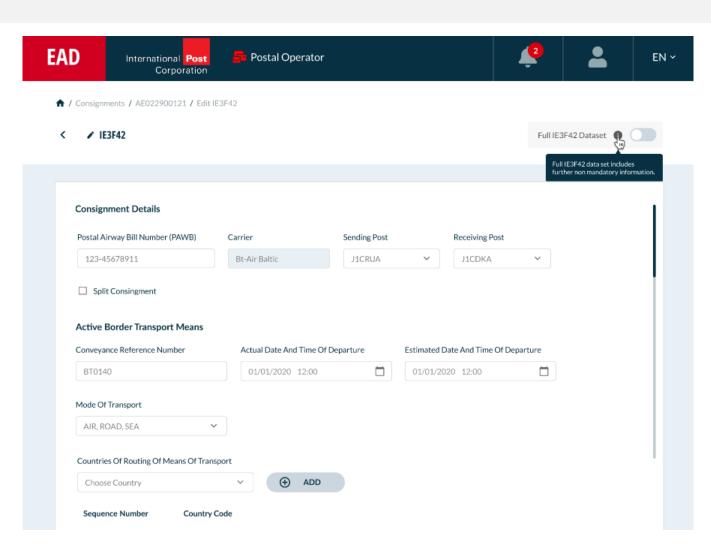
International Post Corporation

CAFE – EAD TOOL

Data entry options PAWB range management and Data Push function

IE42 FILE GENERATION

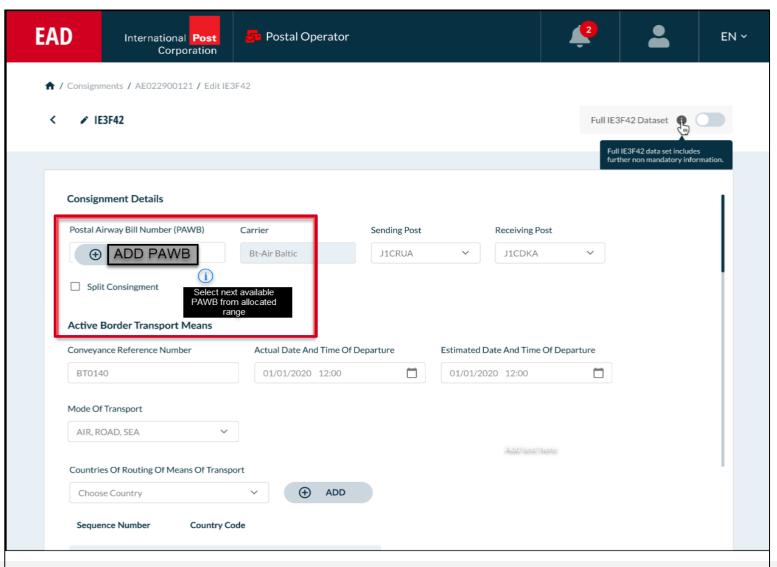




- Option to retrieve data from CARDIT and complete or modify data pre-populated based on Consignment Selection
- Option to select empty data entry screen and provide all data

ADD PAWB FROM AVAILABLE ALLOCATED RANGE

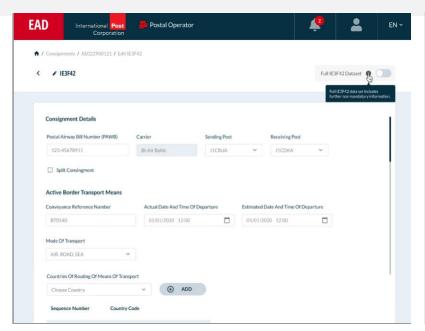


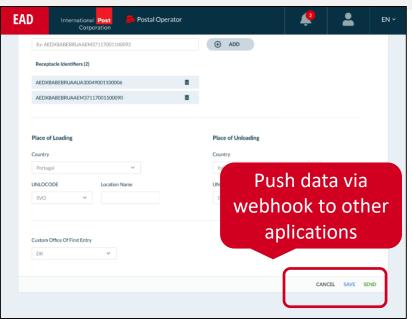


- Option to enter a PAWB number
- Option to have PAWB number pre-filled from PAWB number range management function

SENDING OF IEF42







- Option to trigger F42 filing by IPC to EC ICS2 STI using EAD tool
- Option to trigger F42 file generation with F42 file pushed to Carrier / Carrier solution provider system via Webhook

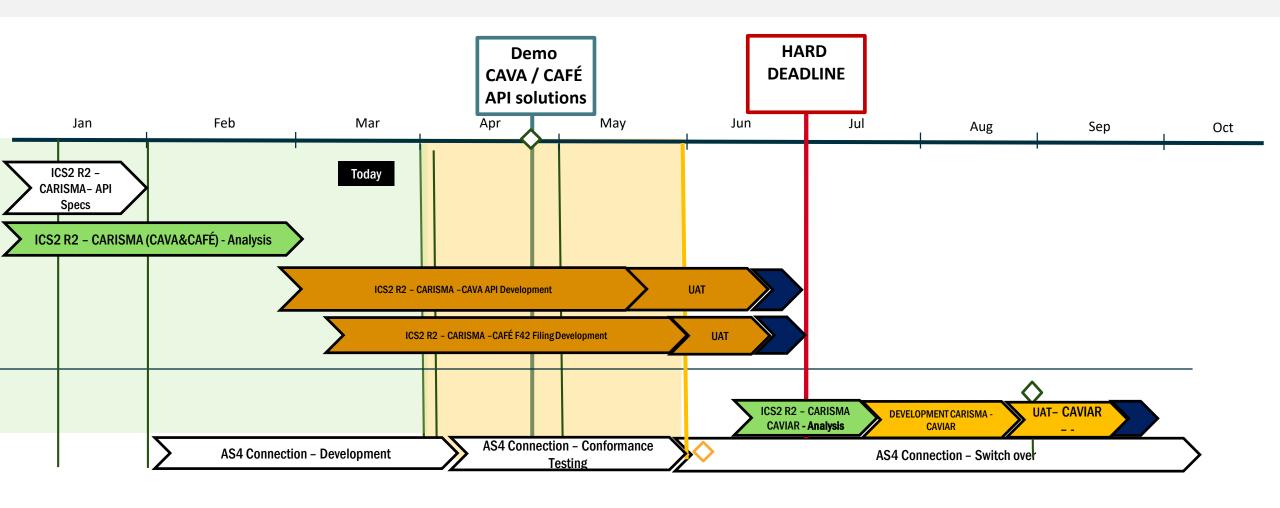
International Post Corporation

STATUS

Timeline

Timing and Milestones





NEXT STEPS

International Post Corporation

AIR CARRIERS

- Specification APIs available for testing and preparation of any possible foreseen integration
 - => IT expert airline can contact IPC for further clarification and info
- Airlines interested to use EAD Tool or Mobile scanner web application to contact IPC
 - => Testing and Training to be scheduled with airlines from mid May
- IPC has completed technical set up for end-to-end conformance testing
 - => end-to-end testing by interested airlines scheduled first half June
- IPC schedules to deploy end of June 2023
 - => airlines that have scheduled deployment to coordinate start date with IPC





UPU technical solutions for EAD Compliance and ICS2 Release 2



Agenda

Global Postal Model and UPU technical solutions

Application Regulations information in CARDIT

EAD Check API for posts and carriers

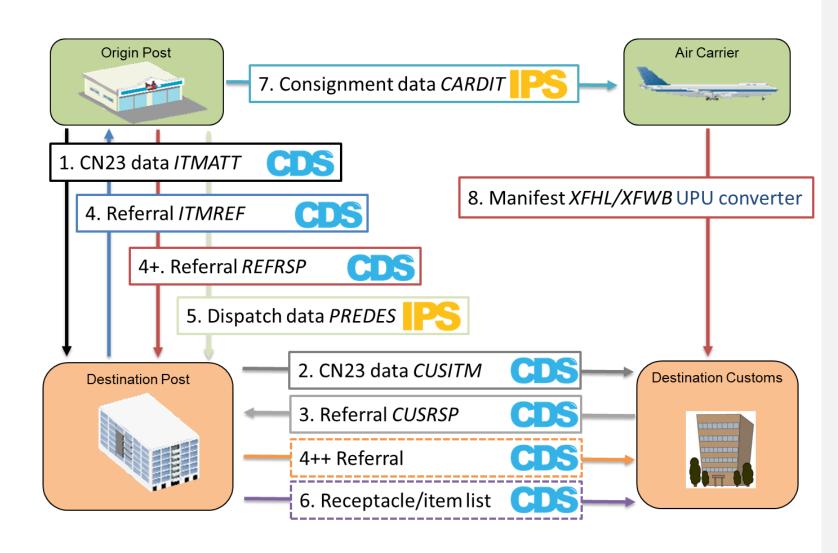
POST*Net

ICS2 converter for carriers



EAD requirements and Global Postal Model

UPU provides **technical solutions** for designated operators and carriers to comply with the **EAD requirements** and for each flow of the **global postal model**





Applicable Regulations in CARDIT

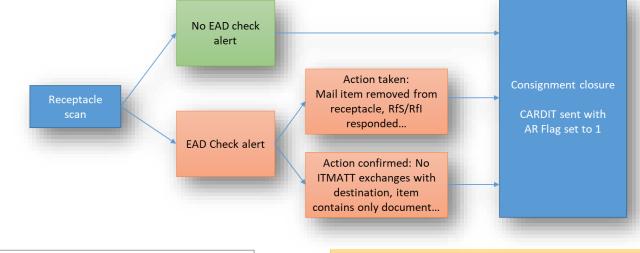
IPS allows designated operator to send

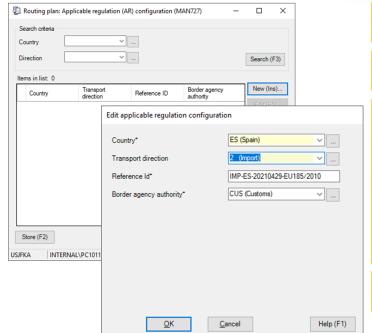
Applicable Regulations (AR)

information in CARDIT, including the

AR-Flag.

The Postal Technology Centre provides guidelines, technical information and script to enable designated operators to configure IPS





Country of destination

Transport direction

Value is always: 2 - Import

Reference ID

- Information can be found in the list of 'Mandatory EAD countries'
- The prefix is automatically added
- If the destination country has not published any reference ID, the value must have the following format: 'country code'-not-available (replace 'country code' with the country code of the destination, e.g. for Chile: CL-not-available)

Border agency authority

Value is always: CUS

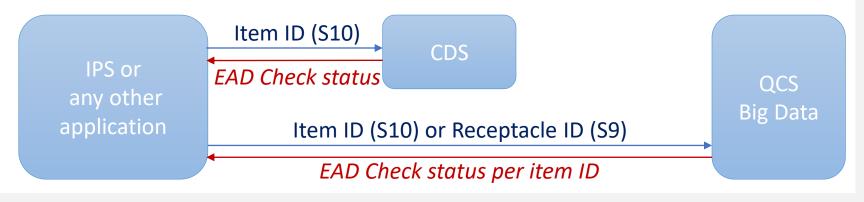


EAD Check API

EAD Check allows designated operators and carriers to check that the mail they are sending, receiving or processing in open transit, closed transit or transshipment complies with the EAD requirements

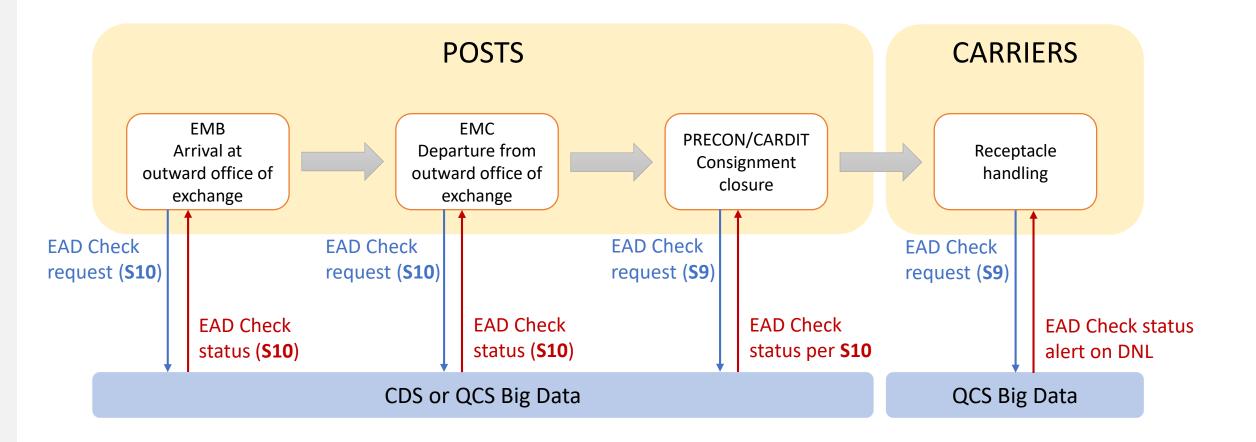
A mail item identifier (S10) or a receptacle identifier (S9) is submitted to CDS or QCS Big Data then the EAD Check API returns an alert for each item that:

- does not have an ITMATT
- has a "do not load" (DNL)
- has a "request for screening" (RFS) or "request for information" (RFI), with no response
- does not have an "assessment complete" (ASC)
- No information found



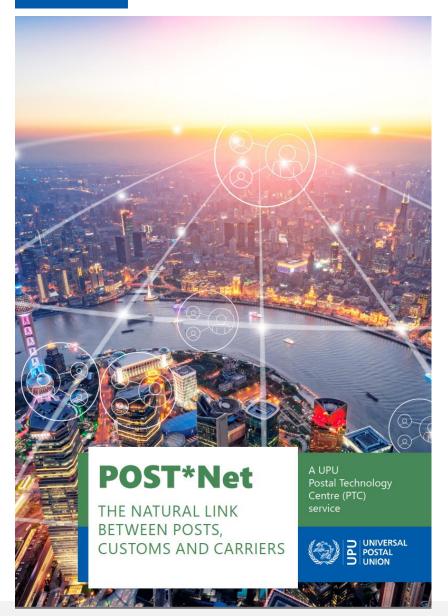


EAD Check API





POST*Net and UPU solutions for carriers



POST*Net is the EDI postal network hosted and managed by the UPU Postal Technology Centre (PTC).

POST*Net is an affordable network available to all actors in the postal supply chain, designated operators and wider postal sector players such as customs, carriers, and ground handlers.

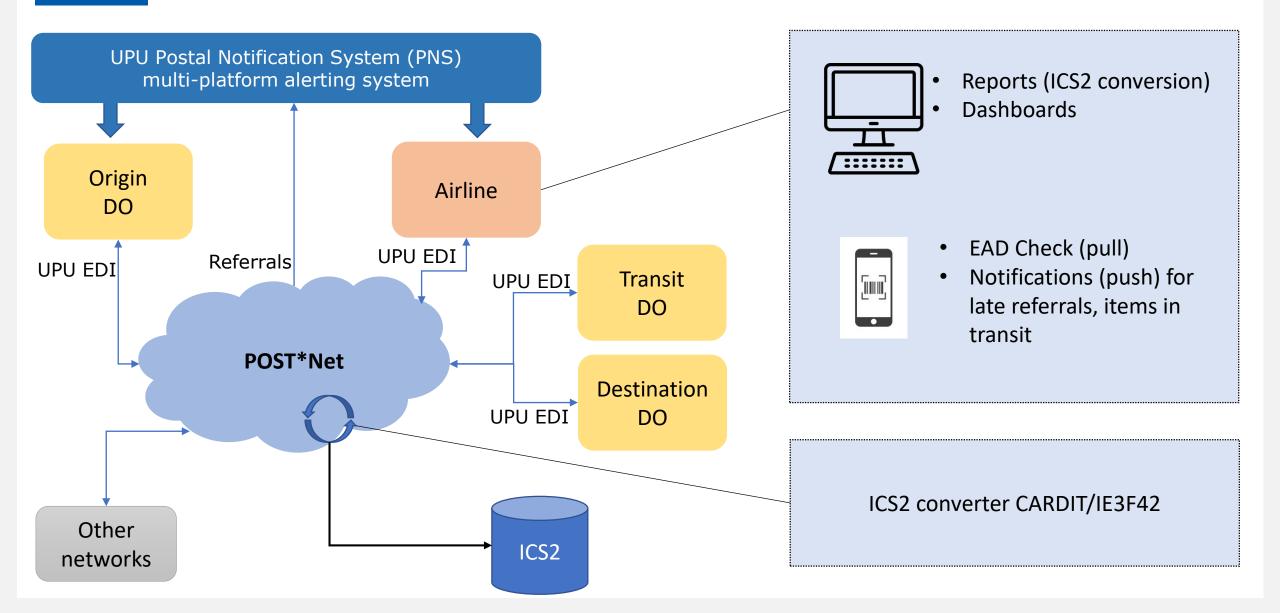
POST*Net services:

- POST*Net: exchanges of CARDIT and RESDIT with the designated operators
- CARDIT/RESDIT to Cargo-XML converter
- POST*Net dashboards
- EAD Check API
- ICS2 converter*
- Reports*
- Dashboards on ICS2 conversion and EAD Check*
- Notification system that alerts in case of late referral*

^{*}being implemented



POST*Net and UPU solutions for carriers





Thank you for taking the time to complete this survey. Your feedback is valuable.

https://www.surveymonkey.com/r/IATA-UPU-4thwebinar

